

# XGZP185 PRESSURE SENSOR

#### **FEATURES**

- Range: -100 ~ 0…1kPaG…1000kPaG
- MEMS technology, solid-state reliability
- Good linearity
- Surface mounting
- For non-corrosive gas or air
- Working temp.: -30°C ~ +100°C(-22°F ~ +212°F)
- Gage pressure type(Positive&Vacuum pressure)
- Horizontal structure, space saving.

### APPLICATIONS

- Medical & Healthcare
- Industrial & Automation
- Domestic Appliance
- Consumer Electronic
- Automotive Electronic

#### **INTRODUCTION**

XGZP185 is a surface mounting pressure sensor based on CFSensor silicon based piezoresistive pressure sensor die. The sensor die is bonded on a substrate with a plastic cap and packaged in a 6-pin SOP structure. The small size and high reliability of on-chip integration make this sensor a simple and economical choice for high volume application in a variety of industries. With standard SOP6 package, XGZP185 is easy for users to install by SMT .

With good repeatability, linearity, stability and sensibility, XGZP185 is very facile for users to calibrate output & thermal drift and make temperature compensation by using exterior operational amplifier or integrated circuit.(For amplified output or I2C interface if required, please refer to CFSensor calibrated pressure sensor series: XGZP6863)

The XGZP185 pressure sensor is intended for using with non-corrosive gas or air. It is highly prohibited to choke the side of pressure diaphragm during actual application. Please consult us if a pressure medium other then air is to be used.





## PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, measurements were taken with a constant current of 1mA at a temperature of  $25 \pm 1^{\circ}$ C and humidity ranging 50%±10%RH.

CHARACTERISTI	MIN	TYP.	MAX	UNIT		
Pressure Range	)	1, 3, 7, 40,100,200,700,1000		kPa		
Supply Voltage	pply Voltage		5	15	Vdc	
Supply Current		1	3	mA		
Working Temperature		-30/-22		+125/257	°C/°F	
Storage Temperature		-40/-40		+140/284	°C/°F	
Bridge Resistance	4	5	6	kΩ		
Offset/Zero Output		-5		+10	mV	
	1kPa	15	30	45	mV	
	3kPa	20	30	40	mV	
FS Output	7kPa	20	35	50	mV	
	10kPa	35	50	65	mV	
	40kPa	55	65	75	mV	
	100/200kPa	60	90	120	mV	
	700kPa	30	45	60	mV	
	1000kPa	80	110	140	mV	
Over Pressure	1kPa/3kPa/7kPa		5X		FS	
	40/100/200kPa		2X		FS	
	> 200kPa		1.5X		FS	
Burst Pressure	1kPa/3kPa/7kPa		10x		FS	
	40/100/200kPa		3X		FS	
	> 200kPa		2X		FS	
Temp. Coefficient of Resistance		1600	2100	2600	ppm/°C	
TCO(Temp. Coefficient of Offset)2		-0.05	±0.02	0.05	%FS/°C	
TCS(Temp. Coefficient of Span)@		-0.05	±0.02	0.05	%FS/°C	
Linearity3	10kPa	-1.0	±0.50	1.0	%FS	
	1, 3, 7, 40,100,200,700,1000kPa	-0.3	±0.15	0.3	%FS	
Hysteresis		-0.3	±0.15	0.3	%FS	
Repeatability		-0.3	±0.15	0.3	%FS	
ESD(HBM)		-2		+2	KV	
Medium	Pressure side	Air and non-corrosive gas				
Compatibility	Reference side	Air and non-corrosive gas( no condensation)				
Note:	· ·					

Note:

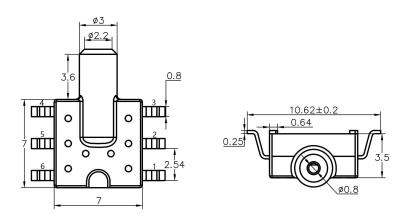
1 The measurement of vacuum/negative pressure is available.

(2) Temperature coefficient is measured from 0°C to 60°C.(32°F  $\,\sim 140^{\circ}\text{F}$  )

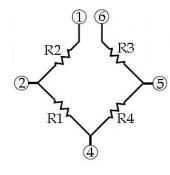
③ Defined as best fit straight line



## DIMENSION(Unit:mm Unspecified Tolerances:±0.1mm)



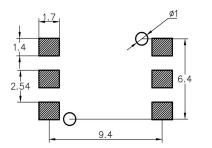
## CONNECTION&DEFINITION



Pin	1	2		3		4	5	5	6
Definition B1	Vo-	GND		NC	V	Vo+		;+	Vo-
Definition B2	GND	GND Vo-		NC	$\setminus$	Vs+		)+	GND
Symbol	Vs+		GND			Vo+		Vo-	
Definition	Power +		Ρ	Power -		Output +		Output -	

Note: B1 and B2 can be applied at random due to the equivalent circuit

## FOOTPRINT(Unit:mm)



NOTE: FOOTPRINT LAYOUT FOR REFERENCE ONLY



CONTACT CFSENSOR FOR ABOVE FILE IF REQUIRED



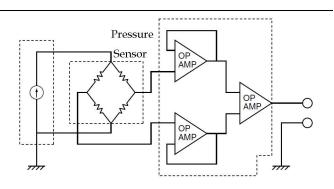
XGZP185	Piezo-resistive Pressure Sensor					
	Code	Range	100kPa=0.1mKp=750mmHg=10MH2O≈1bar≈14.5PSI			
	001	0~1kPa	Available for Negative pressure(-1 ~ 1kPa)			
	003	0 ~ 3kPa	Available for Negative pressure(-3 ~ 3kPa)			
	007	0 ~ 7kPa	Available for Negative pressure(-7 ~ 7kPa)Available for Negative pressure(-10 ~ 10kPa)Available for Negative pressure(-40 ~ 40kPa)Available for Negative pressure(-100 ~ 100kPa)Available for Negative pressure(-100 ~ 200kPa)Available for Negative pressure(-100 ~ 700kPa)Available for Negative pressure(-100 ~ 100kPa)Available for Negative pressure(-100 ~ 100kPa)			
	010	0~10kPa				
	040	0 ~ 40Pa				
	101	0 ~ 100kPa				
	201	0 ~ 200kPa				
	701	0 ~ 700kPa				
	102	0 ~ 1000kPa				
		Code	Package Type			
		S	SOP			
			Code	PIN		
			B1	PIN Def.1		
			B2	PIN Def.2		
XGZP185	003	S	B1	the whole spec.		

#### **ORDER GUIDE**

Please consult CFSensor whether required pressure range is under normal production before place order.

### APPLICATION CIRCUIT(example)

This pressure sensor(mV output) is usually amplified for final application by means of constant voltage or constant current. The right circuit is a typical circuit application in where the pressure sensor is applied by constant current excitation



#### **RECOMMENDED PRODUCTS**

More sensors as shown in right place are calibrated pressure sensor with amplified analog output signal or digital output (IIC interface).

They are temperature compensation with tailor-made pressure range and input/output parameter, which can be applied in your project directly.

Please contact CFSensor more information information.

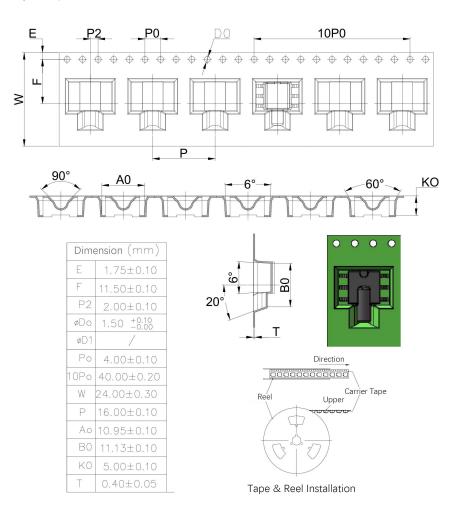




## PACKING INFORMATION

#### Tape&Reel

Standard Quantity: 600pcs/Reel



Note: The packing size may be not quite same with above for other different quantity and samples.



## OVERALL NOTES

Unless otherwise specified, following notes are general attention or presentation for all products from CFSensor.

#### Mounting

The following steps is for transmitting the air pressure to sensor after sensor soldering on PCB.

▼ For some sensors that come with inlet tube, select the flexible pipe to suit the pressure inlet that is firm enough to prevent the pressure leaks.

▼ Atmosphere hole (for Gauge type sensors) and Inlet pipe/hole can't be blocked with gel or glue etc,...

▼ Avoiding excessive external force operation

#### Soldering

Due to its small size, the thermal capacity of the pressure sensor is low. Therefore, take steps to minimize the effects of external heat. Damage and changes to characteristics may occur due to heat deformation. Use a non-corrosive resin type of flux. Since the pressure sensor is exposed to the atmosphere, do not allow flux to enter inside.

▼ Manual soldering

 $\odot$  Raise the temperature of the soldering tip between 260 and 300°C/500 and 572°F (30 W) and solder within 5 seconds.

 $\odot$ The sensor output may vary if the load is applied on the terminal during soldering.

 $\odot {\rm Keep}$  the soldering tip clean.

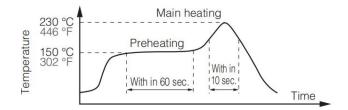
▼DIP soldering (DIP Terminal)

⊙Keep the temperature of the DIP solder tank below 260°C/500 and solder within 5 seconds.

 $\odot$ To avoid heat deformation, do not perform DIP soldering when mounting on the PCB which has a small thermal capacity.

▼ Reflow soldering (SMD Terminal)

 $\odot$ The recommended reflow temperature profile conditions are given below.



 $\odot$  Self alignment may not always work as expected, therefore, please carefully note the position of the terminals and pattern.

⊙The temperature of the profile is assumed to be a value measured with the PCB of the terminal neighborhood.

⊙ Please evaluate solderability under the actual mounting conditions since welding and deformation of the pressure inlet port may occur due to heat stress depending on equipment or conditions.

▼ Rework soldering

 $\odot$ Complete rework at a time.

 $\odot$  Use a flattened soldering tip when performing rework on the solder bridge. Do not add the flux.

 $\odot$ Keep the soldering tip below the temperature described in the specifications.

▼ Avoid drop and rough handling as excessive force may deform the terminal and damage soldering characteristics.

▼ Keep the circuit board warpage within 0.05 mm of the full width of the sensor.



▼ After soldering, do not apply stress on the soldered part when cutting or bending the circuit board.

▼ Prevent human hands or metal pieces from contacting with the sensor terminal. Such contact may cause anomalous outlets as the terminal is exposed to the atmosphere.

▼ After soldering, prevent chemical agents from adhering to the sensor when applying coating to avoid insulation deterioration of the circuit board.

▼ Consult CFSensor for leadfree soldering.

#### Connecting

▼ Correctly wire as in the connection diagram. Reverse connection may damage the product and degrade the performance.

 $\mathbf{\nabla}$  Do not use idle terminals(N/C) to prevent damages to the sensor.

#### <u>Cleaning</u>

▼ Since the pressure sensor is exposed to the atmosphere, do not allow cleaning fluid to enter inside from atmosphere hole (for Gauge type sensors) and inlet pipe.

▼ Avoid ultrasonic cleaning since this may cause breaks or disconnections in the wiring.

#### Environment

▼ Please avoid using or storing the pressure sensor in a place exposed to corrosive gases (such as the gases given off by organic solvents, sulfurous acid gas, hydrogen sulfides, etc.) which will adversely affect the performance of the pressure sensor chip.

 $\blacksquare$  Since this pressure sensor itself does not have a water-proof construction(even available media can be liquid), please do not use the sensor in a location where it may be sprayed with water, etc.

▼ Avoid using the pressure sensors in an environment where condensation may form. Furthermore, its output may fluctuate if any moisture adhering to it freezes.

▼The pressure sensor is constructed in such a way that its output will fluctuate when it is exposed to light. Especially when pressure is to be applied by means of a transparent tube, take steps to prevent the pressure sensor chip from being exposed to light.

Avoid using pressure sensor where it will be susceptible to ultrasonic or other high-frequency vibration.

▼Keeping the sensors sealed in static shielding bags with an oxygen-free condition and use the sensor as soon as possible once unfold the package, because the sensors' PINs may be oxidated a bit under atmosphere environment(slight oxidation wouldn't affect soldering and performance)

#### More Precautions

That using the wrong pressure range or mounting method may result in accidents.

▼ The only direct pressure medium you can use is non-corrosive gas or air as illuminated above(Note: some sensors are compatible with liquid media). The use of other media, in particular, corrosive gases and liquid (organic solvent based, sulfurous acid based, and hydrogen sulfide based, etc.) or contains foreign substances will cause malfunction and damage. Please do not use them and check with CFSensor.

 $\checkmark$  The pressure sensor is positioned inside the pressure inlet. Never poke wires or other foreign matter through the pressure inlet since they may damage the sensor or block the inlet. Avoid use when the atmospheric pressure inlet(only for Gauge type pressure sensor) is blocked.

 $\checkmark$  Use an operating pressure which is within the rated pressure range. Using a pressure beyond this range may cause damage.



▼ Since static charge can damage the pressure sensor, bear in mind the following handling precautions. ⊙When storing the pressure sensor, use a conductive material to short the pins or wrap the entire sensor in aluminum foil. Common plastic containers should not be used to store or transport the sensor since they readily become charged.

 $\odot$  When using the pressure sensor, all the charged articles on the bench surface and the work personnel should be grounded so that any ambient static will be safely discharged.

▼Based on the pressure involved, give due consideration to the securing of the pressure sensor.

## [ SAFETY NOTES ]

Using these sensors products may malfunction due to external interference and surges, therefore, please confirm the performance and quality in actual use. Just in case, please make a safety design on the device (fuse, circuit breaker, such as the installation of protection circuits, multiple devices, etc.), so it would not harm life, body, property, etc even a malfunction occurs. To prevent injuries and accidents, please be sure to observe the following items:

• The driving current and voltage should be used below the rated value.

• Please follow the terminal connection diagram for wiring. Especially for the reverse connection of the power supply, it will cause an accident due to circuit damage such as heat, smoke, fire, etc.

• In order to ensure safety, especially for important uses, please be sure to consider double safety circuit configuration.

• Do not apply pressure above the maximum applied pressure. In addition, please be careful not to mix foreign matter into the pressure medium. Otherwise, the sensor will be discarded, or the media will blew out and cause an accident.

• Be careful when fixing the product and connecting the pressure inlet. Otherwise, accidents may occur due to sensor scattering and the blowing out of the media.

● If the sensor come with sharp PIN, please be careful not to hurt your body when using it.

## [ WARRANTY ]

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# [ CONTACT ]

CFSensor

22F/14Bldg High-Tech Park High-Tech Area Wuhu P.R.C.241000 Tel/Fax:+86 18226771331 Email:INFO@CFSensor.com

North America II Europe II Southeast Asia II Middle East II Latin America